

The Times

LOS ANGELES

XIIITH YEAR.—10 PAGES.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1894.

PER WEEK, 20
PER MONTH, 55c. FIVE CENTS

A MUSEMENTS
With Dates of Events.
NEW LOS ANGELES THEATER—Under direction of AL HAYMAN.
H. C. WYATT, Manager.
Tonight, Laughing Event. Matinee WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
The enormous Comedy Hit of the Century.
Charley's Aunt
By Brandon Thomas. Management of CHARLES FROHMAN.
Now being played in six languages. **300 NIGHTS IN NEW YORK.** **150 NIGHTS IN BOSTON.** **150 NIGHTS IN CHICAGO.**
PRICES—\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Seats selling rapidly.

IMPERIAL
THE SOCIETY VAUDEVILLE THEATRE—
MAIN ST. BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND.
AN IMMENSE SUCCESS FROM THE START.
Unanimous Praise from Crowded Audience. The Greatest Vaudeville Company
Ever Seen Here.
MATINEE SUNDAY AT 2 **THIS EVENING AT 8.**
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, INCLUDING SUNDAY.
THE ONLY... BRAATZ BROS.
Also W. H. HULME,
The Australian Baritone.
PRINCESS DOLGOROUKY. Violin. Virginal from St. Petersburg. RUSSELL ODELL and RUSSELL THE SPARROWS, ALDO MARTINI, MILLE STELLA FOLLET, PIZZARELLO.
COMING: DELTORRELLI BROS., TROXILL and ORO, COYNE BROS.,
Evening prices—10c, 20c, 25c, 50c. Matinee prices—Reserved seats 25c. Children to 12, part of house 10c.
A good reserved seat for 25c. Children to 12, part of house 10c.
GRAND OPEN AIR CONCERTS EVERY EVENING FROM 7 TO 8.
IMPERIAL MILITARY BAND.

BENSON'S GRAND OPERAHOUSE
A. W. BENSON, Proprietor and Manager.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1894.
Every Evening—Saturday Matinee. Inaugural of the Comic Opera Season. First presentation here of the merry farcical opera.

SHIP AHOY,

POPULAR PRICES—Seats now on sale. By H. Grattan Donnelly.
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2d, Jonathan Club Night.

AGRICULTURAL PARK
LOS ANGELES INDUSTRIAL PARK
October 15 to 20.
SENSATIONAL RACES EVERY DAY.

The Big Meeting of the Year.

A fine display in the New Pavilion. New Grand Stand.
Concerts every day—all at AGRICULTURAL PARK.
ADMISSION TO RACES AND PAVILION 50 CENTS.
Excursion rates on all railroads.
CAPT. J. O. NEWTON, R. R. BROWN, L. THORNE,
President, Superintendent, Secretary.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.
HOTEL NADEAU, European Plan.
NADEAU CAFE.

20 elegantly furnished rooms, of suites with bath, supplied with all modern improvements. Rooms \$1 per day and upwards. NADEAU CAFE, C. E. AMIDON, Manager, is the finest in the city; private dining and banquet rooms. Liberally managed. H. W. CHASE & CO.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.
275 Rooms; 75 Suites with Private Bathrooms.
POTTER & JOHNSON, Proprietors.

ARROWHEAD HOT SPRINGS—THE FAMOUS MOUNTAIN HEALTH RESORT of Southern California; hotel first-class; lighted by electricity; heated by hot water from springs; over 1,000,000 San Bernardino, Riverside and Redlands, 1,000,000 San Bernardino, 12:30 a.m. San Bernardino, 3:15 p.m. Postoffice and telephone at Springs. City office, Coulter's Dry Goods Store.

HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE **214 AND 216 W. SECOND ST.** THE FINEST restaurant in Southern California. Catering for weddings. Oysters 50c per dozen. J. E. AULL & CO., Proprietors.

HOTEL RAMONA CORNER SPRING AND THIRD STREETS. EUROPEAN plan. Quiet and homelike. Personal attention. Rates moderate. F. B. MALLORY, Proprietor.

HOTEL LINCOLN SECOND AND HILL—FAMILY HOTEL. APPOINTMENTS perfect; electric cars to all points. THOS. PASCOE, Prop.

GRAND VIEW MONROVIA. FAMOUS "GEM OF THE FOOTHILLS." FIRST-class; tourist parties a specialty. A. W. ETTER, Proprietor.

THE SAN MARCOS HOTEL SANTA BARBARA. STRICTLY FIRST-class; the finest climate on earth all the year.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOME MORE Decker Bros. Pianos.

MATCHLESS IN DESIGN. MATCHLESS IN TONE.
MATCHLESS IN TOUCH.

KOHLER & CHASE, 233 S. Spring St.

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE.

We Offer Great Bargains in First-class PIANOS.

No one can name lower prices FOR CASH OR INSTALLMENTS. Call and see the NEW PATENT PIANO MUTE, reduces the wear 25 percent, and makes practice a pleasure. Can be put on any upright piano.

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE, 108 N. Spring St.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS—

The Fine Stock of Pianos of the Estate of the late F. Mantor.

If you want a bargain call at once as they are going fast.

Gardner & Zellner, 213 S. Broadway.

See list under "For Sale, Miscellaneous," in this paper.

HENRY J. KRAMER'S School of Dancing.

Juvenile class for beginners will form Saturday afternoon, October 6, at 1:30; advanced class at 8:30. Adult class beginners Monday and Thursday evenings, commencing Oct. 10, at 8 p.m. References required from 11 p.m. Pupil instruction at appointed hours.

ACADEMY 130 W. FIFTH STREET.

SCHOOL FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING.

EDUCATION AND DANCING.

Ladies' Physical Training class meets forenoons. Misses and Children after school hours. Tuition for one year, \$10. An elocution class for young people Wednesdays 7:30 p.m. Classes for children. Adult elocution class begins Friday, Oct. 6, 7:30 p.m.; young children, Oct. 6, 2 p.m.; misses and masters, 8:30 p.m.; \$10 for 30 lessons. All classes select. MISS NAOMA ALFREY, 226 S. Spring St.

LOS ANGELES INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION

APPLY FOR SPACE.

EXPOSITION BUILDING, FIFTH AND OLIVE, LOS ANGELES, and
SAN FRANCISCO, MILLS' BLDG., SECOND FLOOR, ROOM 5.
J. A. BROWN, General Manager.

BUY THE WHITNEY MAKE TRUNK FACTORY, 344 NORTH MAIN
Street.

THE MORNING'S NEWS

IN
The Times

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS BRIEFED.

WAS GHASTLY.

Awful Loss of Life on the Chen-Yuen.

The Decks Strewn With Human Flesh.

A BRAVE GUNNER STICKS TO HIS POST AND DRIVES OFF THE NANIWA.

Speculation Concerning the Succession to the Chinese Throne—Prince Kung and His Son—Japanese Parliament.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

A British naval officer attached to the Chinese naval squadron, engaged in the fight off the mouth of the Yalu River, has written a letter to the Graphic, in which he says: "On board the warship Chen-Yuen, the fighting was awful. The docks and spaces around the guns were strewn with human fragments. Three of the five men working on the four-ton guns were blown up by a shell from the Japanese warship Naniwa. The fourth gunner was shot while trying to escape from the turret, and the fifth stuck to his post. This man fired three rounds at the Naniwa, one shell entering the engine-room of the Japanese ship, and another crushing her forges. The Naniwa then hauled off. The Chinese admiral rewarded the surviving gunner with a present of 1000 taels.

Dispatches were also received from Portland, Or.; Tacoma, San Francisco, Benicia, Parkersburg, W. Va.; New York, Chicago, Stockton, St. Joseph, Mo.; Spokane, Wash. and other places.

THE CITY.

Ordinance of intention for the proposed bond election passed by the Council—Application for a franchise to electrify the Kuhn's street and other railway lines presented to the Council—A decision by Judge Clark on some points in the Pratt will contest—Closing sessions of the M. E. Conference—Meeting of the Police Commissioners—Another communication from Superintendent Search on increasing the school facilities.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Proceedings of the Pasadena City Council—Encouraging reports from the desert mining regions of San Bernardino county—The tramp nuisance being felt at Riverside—Important decision against the Populists by the District Attorney of Orange county.

"COL." MCCLURE.

A Well-known Politician Dies in a Hotel.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—Col. J. David McClure, once a wealthy and refined Southerner and a politician of some note, was found dead last night on a dirty cot in the basement of a 5-cent lodging-house in Custom-house Place.

"Col. McClure, as he was known, was born at Madison, Ind., fifty years ago. His father, Dr. McClure, was one of the most respected citizens of the place and gave to his son an excellent education. When "Col." McClure arrived at manhood he went to Louisville, Ky., where he married, his wife a beauty of the blue blood of Kentucky. On the breaking out of the war he returned to Madison and enlisted for the Union in a regiment from that place as a private, served all through the war and returned home with the rank of captain. He again went to Louisville, shortly afterward inherited an estate worth \$100,000. His friends were legion, his enemies none. He soon began to go down hill and, by the time his fortune had been squandered, his wife persuaded him to start life anew and to give up his old habits.

When Grover Cleveland was inaugurated Col. McClure was appointed to a position under the Internal Revenue Collector at Louisville. This position he lost with the change of administration in 1888, and then he came to Chicago, and, for a time, prospered. But discouragement attending the loss of income and employment led him to resort to his former habits, and, step by step, he went downward, until the end came in a miserable hotel.

SET ON FIRE.

A Hunting Party Broken Up by a Powder Explosion.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

PERRY (Ohio), Oct. 2.—An accident occurred last night, ten miles north of here, by which one man will lose his life and probably several others will die. Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Slade and their daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Stewart and their four children started on a hunt for plover, and, as they were crossing a fork of Black Bear Creek, a large package of powder ignited and the clothing of every person in the wagon was set on fire.

Stewart, who was driving, was blown out of the wagon, as also was Mrs. Slade and her daughter. Stewart's clothing was burning, and he fell against the horses, and they ran away. Stewart was horribly mangled and burned. The other persons jumped into the creek, and succeeded in putting the fire out, but not until several of the party were severely burned. The entire party had nearly all their clothing burned off them. All were taken to a small country store near by, and physicians summoned, but it is thought that Stewart, two of his children, and Miss Slade cannot live.

THOSE MYSTERIOUS MOVEMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The officials of the Chinese Legation were very incredulous today of the reports from Shanghai that the Chinese Emperor was about to be deposed and his place occupied by a son of Prince Kung. It is pointed out that Prince Kung has been in retirement so long and his son is so little known in political affairs that there is no reasonable basis for crediting such an internal revolution as might overthrow the Emperor.

The official draft of the new treaty between China and the United States, as recently signed in China, is now on its way to the legation here. It is expected the President's proclamation making the treaty effective in this country will be the next step taken.

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THE TRAIN-ROBBERS.

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A PREDICTION FOR THIS COAST.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—There are no new developments in the train-robbing. The officers are hot on the trail of the bandits and capture is hourly expected. Intense excitement continues here.

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REPORTING RECORD!
TO KEEP HIS TITLE.

James J. Corbett Challenges the World.

A Straightforward Statement as to His Position as a Pugilist.

Fit is Now Champion — "Black Frank" Whips "Mike Moran" — Races at Baltimore — The Solano Fair.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

BOSTON, Oct. 2.—The following ultimatum was given out tonight by William A. Brady, manager for Champion Corbett: "When it may come: The Olympic Club of New Orleans claims the right to declare Robert Fitzsimmons champion of the world, if I do not meet him. They have no right to do this, but rather than give the queer lot of citizens who are prying for my record the satisfaction of seeing me declared ex-champion, as far as I want to put myself on record as follows: I have foiled this crowd twice before and I am going to take pleasure in doing it again. I do not propose that a foreigner shall take my title from me by default, a title which I have honestly won by fighting men in my class. Since I started on my career as a boxer, I have never refused to meet a heavyweight, and I have always tried to follow a straight course. The aggressiveness of Mr. Fitzsimmons to fight me becomes apparent to all who study the facts. The Olympic Club needs an attraction for Mardi Gras week, February, and they figure that if they arrange the contest between Fitzsimmons and myself, it will draw a great deal of money. They are using Fitzsimmons as a patsy to draw me into a contest in which I have no right to engage. What right had Fitzsimmons to sign a contract with the Olympic Club for a contest with me for a sum of money before the details were arranged? What right had he or the Olympic Club to name next February as the date of the fight? How did he know, but that some other club might offer more money? I have immense interests at stake, and I have plans with which I will allow no one to interfere. I hope to have considerable to say about the purse, the place and the club where the contest between Fitzsimmons and myself shall take place. I would rather fight in New Orleans than any other place on earth, because the Olympic Club of the Olympic Club to take the prejudicial stand they have taken in favor of Fitzsimmons. The newspapers are aiding these people in placing me in a false position, and they did the same when Peter Jackson champion. I am drawn out on him and I am shipped out of the country like a cur. I am anxious to retire from pugilism, but the gang of queer sports who are hoping I may be beaten will never have the satisfaction of saying I showed the white feather. They Fitzsimmons's name and I am the only one who has the right of a champion, because I refuse to break my contracts and fight every Tom, Dick and Harry at the drop of the hat. Now let these men who are seeking notoriety at my expense get together all the fighters in the world, who have \$10,000 to wager, and let them there be a weight or color barred. I will deposit \$10,000 with David Blanchard of Boston as an evidence of good faith and I will devote one week after July 1 next to fighting one of them each night during the week. I mean this for the largest crowd. I will not do this for all. The soreheads will say I am a bluff, but my money talks and let some of them cover it if they dare. Now, if New Orleans wants a fighting carnival and desires to settle who is the champion of the world, this is their opportunity. I hope to convince the public that I am what I claim to be—the champion heavyweight of the world.

(Signed). "JAMES J. CORBETT."

HE IS DISGRUNTLED.

HAVERHILL (Mass.). Oct. 2.—James J. Corbett cannot be induced to waive his position regarding the pugilistic championship. He said today: "I am disgusted with this whole business, but I propose to hold to my decision not to meet Fitzsimmons until after he has fought O'Donnell and demonstrated his ability to spar in my class." When asked what he thought of the ultimatum issued by the Olympic Club, he said: "That concern is trying to cover up, but it cannot do it. I will not be budged. O'Donnell is good enough for Fitzsimmons."

FITZSIMMONS PROCLAIMED AS THE CHAMPION.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 3.—At a meeting of the members of the Olympic Club to-night Robert Fitzsimmons was proclaimed champion heavyweight of the world.

"BLACK FRANK" WON.

A Hot Eight-round Fight at Lyons, New York.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LYONS (N. Y.). Oct. 2.—An eight-round prizefight, with five-fifths gloves, Marquis of Queensberry rules, for a purse of \$200, was fought here between "Black Frank," a Canadian pugilist of local renown, and Michael Murphy, alias "Mike Moran," of New York city.

Moran had the better of the fight up to the fifth round when Frank scored a terrific knock-down on his jugular. The succeeding two rounds were hot ones, with the honors in favor of the New Yorker. In the eighth round, just before time was called, "Black Frank" got in a swiftness left-hander, knocking Moran out of time.

Jerome Park.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Today was favorite's day at Jerome Park, and they came in first in four out of six races, all being at odds-on.

One smile: Copyright given, Setauket second, Miss Dixie third; time 1:45.

Clarendon stakes, five and a half furlongs, Nero won, Shadow Dance second, Uriah third; time 1:40.

Trot course, Armitage won, Ben Lomond second, Alegro third; time 1:23.

Five furlongs: Iola won, Flirt second, Misan third; time 1:17.

Five furlongs: Nero won, Prince John second, Raymond third; time 1:024.

Trot course, Merton won, Copyright second, Buckeye third; time 1:24.

Baltimore Sport.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 2.—The 2:29 trot; Jacksonian won, third, fourth and fifth heats; Charley won first and second; time 2:21. 2:194, 2:214, 2:22. Perrette, then Medium and seven others also started.

Mascot won the free-for-all pace in straight heats. Paul second, Black Duck third; Tempest also started; time 2:104, 2:094.

Solano Fair.

VALLEJO, Oct. 2.—The third annual fair of the Solano Agricultural and Speed Association opened today, and will continue until the end of the week.

Trotting, racing, racing, one mile dash; Shoshone, Donatore second, Steel King third; time 2:46.

won, Lady Mac second, Little Mac third; best time 2:34.

2:29 trotting: Free Coinage won, Chico second, Palermo third; time 2:254, 2:234, 2:224.

LATONIA RACES.

Ida Pickwick Wins the Handicap— Sister Mary Sold.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 2.—The great event of the day at Latonia was the handicap, which was won in a canter by Ida Pickwick with two lengths to spare. Lehman surprised the talent by running second, beating Henry Young, Faraday, Ray, and Santa Anita and Sister Mary. All but two favorites won, and none were unplaced save Ray el Santa Anita. Brando, in the fifth race, was 8 to 1, the only outsider to carry away a purse. He beat Satsuma, an even-money chance, in a driving finish by a neck. The track was fast, though a trifling dry.

For a year-old bay filly, Sister Mary, was sold to W. R. Sink for \$400 to \$700.

One mile: Alibi won Obo No second, Pebody third; time 1:43.

Seven furlongs: Pearl Song won, Innocent second, Lindothe third; time 1:294.

One mile: King City won, Santa Maria, Alibi second, Camer third; time 1:434.

Queen City handicap, nine furlongs: Ida Pickwick won, Lehman second, Sister Mary third; time 1:534.

Six furlongs: Brando won, Satsuma second, Easso third; time 1:15.

Seven furlongs: John Berkely won, Two O'clock second, Dutch Oven third; time 1:394.

At Hawthorne.

HAWTHORNE (Ill.). Oct. 2.—Seven furlongs: Gateway won, Zoulika second, Grade third; time 1:32.

One mile and 37 yards: Little Crippler won, Pebody second, De Brandy third; time 1:50.

Eleven-sixteenths of a mile: Roma won, Coria second, Peels third; time 1:114.

Seven furlongs: Whitestone won, De Cet second, Oakview third; time 1:31.

Hurdle race, one mile and a sixteenth: Capt. Spencer won, Bell Ringer second, Japanica third; time 1:584.

East St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2.—Nine sixteenths of a mile: Young Lottery won, Londonville second, Barney Aaron, Jr., third; time 0:59.

Five furlongs: Chenod won, Sam V. second, Friske third; time 1:08.

Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile: Simpleton won, Tom Griffin second, St. Lee third; time 1:384.

One mile: Emblem won, Vevay second, Joe R. third; time 1:434.

Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile: Turk won, Pebble Rock second, Collector third; time 1:234.

Alix-Directum.

CHILLICOTHE (Ohio). Oct. 2.—Today the much-talked-of match between Alix and Directum was made. It is to take place within the next thirty days. It is to be for \$2000 a side. The winner is to receive 75 per cent, and the loser 25 per cent. The date and tracks are yet to be decided upon.

SUGAR SCHEDULE.

Germany Protests and Falls Back on the American Hog.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—An international question involving the United States and Germany has been raised by that feature of the tariff law which insures the most domestic trouble—the sugar schedule.

The German government, through its Ambassador, Baron Sadrma-Jeitsch, made a strong protest to the Secretary of State against that clause of the act which imposes an additional duty of one-tenth of 1 cent per pound on sugars imported from "these countries" which are in a position to levy an additional one-tenth of 1 cent per pound upon refined sugars coming from Germany.

In his protest, Baron Sadrma-Jeitsch struck a responsive chord. "Proud as I am," he began, "to be an Ohioan, I am prouder yet to be an American." Then he proceeded with his speech: "I have come among you this afternoon to talk with you a little more concerning the tariff political question, and to urge upon you the relation of those questions to the business interests of the country. Politics this year is business and business is politics."

References made to ex-President Harrison, to James B. Root, and to James G. Blaine, as the history of the Republican tariff legislation was cited were warmly applauded, as was the observation that "We have not a single commercial competitor in the civilized world that does not referee over the course of this Wilson law."

The Governor found a subject for reflection in the fact that Mr. Wilson had to go to a foreign country to get congratulations for the passage of the tariff law which bears his name, and, when some one in the audience pointed out that the only innovation which had been made into existence by the Wilson law was that of free soup houses, Gov. McKinley responded: "There is not an American citizen but would rather earn his own soup than to beg it of others, and under the present Republicans it never had to do with the Republicans to never have had a free soup house for every one who was willing to work hard and had his own soup at his own table."

Senator Vest told you last night a story about a dog which came by express and nobody could tell where it came from or who it was for, because it had eaten the dog. He said: "I am a member of the Populist party, but he might better have given it to this Wilson law. Everybody disowns it, and yet you are asked to approve of it. Why, the Democracy of New York disowned it formally and officially when it was nominated for Governor of that State. David B. Hill, the only Democrat in the Senate who voted against it, was nominated for President."

"Mexican ores are just arriving, the Chinese are just arriving, the American wool is coming in by the cargo; every foreign product upon which the duty was reduced under the Wilson law is coming in, and the country is inundated with these products and every foreign product that comes into this country in competition with our own displaces just so much of our own products. And when those are displaced the American labor required to make them is displaced and yet they ask the workers of the United States to approve of their votes the Wilson law. Who is employed now that was not employed in 1882?"

"Only the Congressmen," promptly responded somebody in the audience.

"Yes," retorted Gov. McKinley, "and it is the Congressmen who are responsible for this whole business, but I propose to hold to my decision not to meet Fitzsimmons until after he has fought O'Donnell and demonstrated his ability to spar in my class."

The attendance at the hall, though rigidly reduced from that of past seasons by restriction of invitations, was, even then, uncomfortably large for the hall in which it was held.

A LITTLE DIVERSION.

THE BRITISH MINISTERS ARE HURRIEDLY SUMMONED.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—(By Atlantic Cable.) A special cabinet council has been called for Tuesday next, and the members of the ministry, who are absent from the city, have been hurriedly summoned. Telegrams have been sent to Sir William Vernon Harcourt, who started yesterday for Italy, and others of the Ministers who are abroad.

Sudden developments regarding the deliberations between Great Britain and France are without doubt the reasons for the hasty summoning of the ministers.

LETTER-CARRIERS.

The Inspection at Chicago to be Conducted With Dispatch.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Acting Postmaster-General Jones has sent a letter to Postmaster Hesing of Chicago, today, concerning the inspection of letter-carriers in that city next Sunday. He says that owing to the work of the carriers and the interruption to business, an inspection on a week day is impracticable, but says that as they must, under the law, be inspected, he will have the inspection made as soon as possible.

The inspection is to be conducted as little labor as possible. Postmaster Hesing is directed to have the inspection take place at the postoffice, and the several stations, without parades or unnecessary demonstrations.

DAVID HAS NOT ACCEPTED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Senator Hill held a conference today with George B. McCall, E. L. Ridgeway, Gen. Wylie, and Clerk DeFreeze. At the close of the conference Senator Hill and DeFreeze left the hotel together. To the reporter Hill said: "The main decline to say anything of a political nature." DeFreeze, however, remarked: "The Senator has not yet accepted."

OHIO DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 2.—The Democrats of the First District today nominated H. D. Peck for Congress. In the Second District M. W. Oliver was nominated.

PUNISHED TOO SEVERELY.

VENTURA, Oct. 2.—While firing a salute of welcome to Budd and Phillips tonight, Andrew Jackson Harrington, an old soldier, had his hand blown off by a dynamite bomb.

Budd and Phillips arrived from Santa Barbara on the evening train, and were met by a delegation of the Democratic and Labor parties. The hall was filled to overflowing. Dr. Mott was president of the meeting, and 100 men and women served as vice-presidents.

THE REGULAR TICKET.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 2.—Reports from 100 towns in Connecticut show unprecedented gains for Republicans in the town elections yesterday. Towns that have not elected Republican officers in years

have broken out here. Nothing is known officially of the outbreak, however, although several deaths are known to have occurred.

Cholera and Turks.

CONSTITUTIONAL, Oct. 2.—Cholera

has broken out here. Nothing is known officially of the outbreak, however, although several deaths are known to have occurred.

PENSOCKAL (Fla.). Oct. 2.—The election passed quietly here today. Returns from the city and nine country precincts give the regular Democratic ticket about 500 majority. The counties to be heard from will increase it.

THE NEWS FROM CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 2.—Reports from 100 towns in Connecticut show unprecedented gains for Republicans in the town elections yesterday. Towns that have not elected Republican officers in years

A POPULAR LEADER.

The Apostle of Protection at Kansas City.

Gov. McKinley Addresses a Mammouth Audience and Makes a Big Hit.

Senator Allison Speaks at Tipton, Iowa—Hill Has not Accepted His Nomination—News from Connecticut.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 2.—Gov. McKinley reached this city about 9 o'clock this morning on the special train from St. Louis. Mayor Borden of Kansas City, Kan., came from St. Louis with him and reception committee composed of Charles Allison, Jarvis Hartman, president of the Missouri League of Republican Clubs; E. C. Edwards, managing editor of the Kansas City Journal, and ex-Congressman Warner met him a few miles out of the city. The morning was spent in receiving callers at the hotel and driving about the city.

When Gov. McKinley went to the stage entrance of the Auditorium at 2:30 o'clock, he found it necessary to make full use of his physical strength to get in, as the crowd in front of the door was so tightly packed together that such a thing as making room was out of the question. The stage, too, was jammed, and he had to fairly force his way through, assisted by several strong-armed men, and, when he got upon the platform, the footlights were turned on, the curtains drawn and the audience was admitted. The court said there was no such thing as a proprietary right to the name of a political party.

SENATOR ALLISON ON THE SUGAR QUESTION.

TIPTON (Iowa), Oct. 2.—At the county courthouse today a magnificent audience assembled to listen to United States Senator Allison. L. H. Brothelin, the president of the State Bar, presided, and the speaker was to be the great champion of the sugar question.

The court decided in favor of Dolan, declaring that no man or body of men had an exclusive right to the use of a party name, and that other set of men could adopt the same name.

Senator Allison's speech was delivered in a clear, ringing voice, and he was received with a hearty round of applause.

The TEXTILE WORKERS.

WATERTUCKET (R. I.), Oct. 2.—What

will probably result in the biggest strike of textile workers this city has ever seen was inaugurated yesterday when 250 weavers left their looms at the Loraine Mills as a protest against a reduction of wages.

The cases of the other defendants will be set for trial later.

THE STRIKERS.

WORDEN AND HIS PALS ON TRIAL AT WOODLAND.

Textile Workers Quit at Pawtucket—Martin Irons in Jail at Fort Worth for an Attempted Assault.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—Superior Court Judge Seawell rendered a decision this morning in an action brought against F. A. Dolan and the Oregon Sugar Refining

The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Daily Times, the Sunday Times, and the Saturday Times and Weekly Mirror
H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER, Vice-President.
ALBERT McARLAND, Secretary.
Treasurer.

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VOLUME XXV.

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

TERMS: By Mail, \$0 a year; by carrier, 85 cents a month, or 20 cents a week. Sunday Times, \$3 a year. Weekly, \$1.30; six months, 75 cents.

Sworn Net Average Circulation for Past Year, Over 13,000 Daily
Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—Charles' Aunt. GRAND OPERAHOUSE—Ship Ahoy. IMPERIAL MUSIC HALL—Vaudville. BURBANK THEATER—A Dark Secret.

The Times may be purchased in San Francisco at the Baldwin and Occidental Hotel news stands. Price 5 cents only.

LOS ANGELES ILLUSTRATED.

A new work to be entitled "Los Angeles Illustrated" is now being brought to the notice of our citizens by properly-authorized canvassers, who are provided with written credentials signed.

THE TIMES-MIRROR CO.

MUNICIPAL REFORM.

In spite of the corruption and inefficiency which make themselves so glaringly apparent in American politics, the social reformer finds much to encourage him in the United States today. There is evident a determination among the better class of citizens to take up in earnest the question of reform, and more especially where it is the most needed, to wit, in the government of our large cities.

It is a matter of constant wonder to the "intelligent foreigner" who knows Americans as among the keenest, shrewdest business men of the world, to find us relinquishing the management of the affairs of our great cities to irresponsible, illiterate and unprincipled adventurers, who frequently are not even taxpayers, and consequently have no legitimate interest in the well-being of the city whose affairs they control, to all intents and purposes, more effectually than the nominal head of the municipality, the mayor, who is frequently only a puppet in their hands.

These are reforms in the direction of economy and efficiency, which will bear investigation. The suggestions are the result of much careful thought on part of the citizens composing the several committees. They do not claim to have framed a perfect charter, but they do claim to have made a great improvement on the old one, and the Times believes they are correct.

We shall recur to this subject in greater detail. Meantime, it would repay our taxpayers to devote a little attention to this matter, in which they are so vitally interested.

WEAK-KNEED LAWYERS.

Among the actions of the recent Democratic convention in San Francisco—which was run by Boss Rainey from headquarters in a livery stable—was the renomination of Judge Walter H. Levy, a man so notoriously corrupt and unfit that the Examiner portrayed him from a rear view, with his hand in a position convenient for the placing of a roll of bills in it.

Thus we see reputable citizens who have millions of dollars invested in their business dictated to and robbed by some disreputable individual who has sprung up from the gutter. Surely such a condition of affairs is sufficient to inspire mingled astonishment and disgust, yet so accustomed had Americans become to this order of things that they had learned to look upon it as inevitable—to regard boss rule and its consequent extravagance and corruption, in large American cities as a necessary evil which might be deplored but could not be cured. The extent to which such corruption had grown in some cases was graphically shown in a recent article published in The Times on the results of the investigation of the police department in New York, in which it was shown that for twenty years or more members of the force, from captains down, had been receiving an aggregate of over \$5,000,000 annually for compounding crimes and felonies of every description.

Time was when these bosses would fight against each other—Democratic rogues against Republican thieves. That is, they fought under those names, although of the principles of either party they knew little and cared less. Of late years, however, modern improvements have been introduced into the boss business, and a division of spoils is agreed upon between the leaders on both sides, so that which ever way elections go it is a case of "heads I win; tails you lose," as between the bosses and the taxpayers.

This state of affairs has grown so monotonous that responsible men in several of the large cities of the country have become weary of it, and have determined to effect a change, even if they have to fight for it. Taking a hint from the bosses, they also have combined, irrespective of party—combined for the purpose of selecting good men for office. This action has been taken in New York and in San Francisco, and preparations are being made for similar action in other cities. Like other schemes of reform that do reform, this method is so simple that the wonder is it was not thought of before. As long as the boodlers could keep the decent voters in two or more opposing camps, they, of course, had the best of it, but as soon as the latter united, they found themselves in a majority, as they would in any American city, however corrupt it may be.

The movement for municipal reform which is now attracting so much attention throughout the country does not stop here, however. Besides the out-and-out bootlegging which goes on, there is a vast amount of what may be characterized as more or less legitimate extravagance in municipal affairs—that is to say, extravagance which is sanctioned by custom, or by the charters of cities. We are a long way yet from the point where economy in the management of a city will be considered as natural and desirable as economy in running a big mercantile house, but we shall get there in time.

It is to put a check to these more usual municipal extravagances that many reformers are at present devot-

ing their attention. A movement in this direction has for some time been under way in Los Angeles. A revision of the charter in the direction of greater economy and increased efficiency was outlined some time ago by the organization known as the Citizens' League, and has since been discussed by committees of that body, of the Merchants' Association, Board of Trade, Chamber of Commerce and Council. The main feature of the amendment which is provided for in these amendments is the placing of more responsibility in the hands of the mayor, giving him the appointment—subject to confirmation by a majority of the Council—of several officials who are now elected. This is in accordance with a charter which has been found to work well in Chicago, where they place absolutely undivided power in the mayor and undivided responsibility. The mayor of Chicago is quite as powerful in his province as the President of the United States, as an executive officer, is in his. There is, therefore, no question in anybody's mind in Chicago where the responsibility rests in case of any political action. Every department has a single chief appointed by the mayor, removable by the mayor, and remaining in office until he is removed or resigns.

The American Library Association, in its recent recommendation that the newspapers be read daily in the schools, evinced a commendable spirit of progressiveness. The current events of the day are of much practical importance, in an educational way, and are justly entitled to a place in the schoolroom, though not, of course, to the exclusion of other necessary educational work. Ancient history and the dead languages are perhaps well enough in their place; but it should be the aim of a well-planned scheme of education to equip the student, so far as possible, for the practical battles of life. The newspaper is pre-eminently a practical educator, and its judicious use in schoolroom work should be encouraged.

An Eastern journal remarks that "we pay a poor shop-girl 7 cents to make a shirt and 10 cents to a Chinese laundryman each week to spit on and iron it." There is a manifest injustice in this. But the policy of the free-trade party, if carried to its logical finality, will tend to reduce the wages of the poor shop-girl still further, since the trend of the free-trade movement is directly toward lower wages in all American industries.

William M. Springer, Democratic Congressman from Illinois, had an income of \$50,793, in 1865, and a tax of \$4790.80 was levied against it. He resisted payment, fought the case in the courts, and was beaten, the law being declared unconstitutional. Whether Mr. Springer's income now is as great as in 1865 is a matter of some doubt, but he will probably not be inclined to waste much money in resisting payment.

Another New England State has been heard from. Connecticut has spoken in no uncertain voice in condemnation of Democratic mismanagement. The municipal and township elections held in that State on Monday show unprecedented Republican gains, some towns giving the largest Republican majorities since the war. The Nutmeg State has generally been regarded as doubtful. It is so no more.

A similar state of affairs was developed here in Los Angeles recently, when The Times criticized the nomination of Justice Bartholomew as a man unfit for a position on the bench, a statement which the lawyers of the city know to be true as well as we do. Yet, when this man Bartholomew rushed around he had no difficulty in obtaining the signatures of a long string of lawyers and alleged lawyers to a statement that he is in every way qualified for the position which he seeks.

Again, we have seen on several occasions how, when the question of expelling an unworthy member of the local bar has come up, the lawyers, with scarcely an exception, join in a defense of the culprit. There seems to be a tacit agreement that members of the bar must stand by each other, right or wrong.

The law was formerly considered one of the most honorable professions in which a man could engage, but when people see a great majority of our lawyers afraid to criticize corruption or inefficiency on the bench, and unwilling to condemn dishonorable conduct among themselves, how can it be expected that respect for the profession is to be maintained?

Martin Irons, the erstwhile "labor leader" who became almost as notorious during the great railway strike in 1888 as did Debs in 1894, is under arrest at Fort Worth, Tex., charged with criminally assaulting a seven-year-old girl. This incident is a fair illustration of the sort of stuff that so

called labor leaders are made of. Yet they must have their day. But why should respectable and honest workingmen abdicate their manhood and follow the dishonest and blundering lead of pretenders of the Debs, the Sovereign, and the Martin Irons breed?

John Swinton addressed a Populist crowd in New York Sunday evening. He predicted that the lower house of Congress would choose the next President, and asked the audience to say upon whom the choice should fall, in that event. Peffer, Hogg, Belamy, Allen, Pence, Waite and Lewelling were successively named by the crowd, but the orator had an objection ready for each. Finally Altgeld was named, when Swinton declared him to be the proper person, and recommended his hearers to go to work for the Illinois Anarchist. When Altgeld becomes President of this republic, Peffer's whiskers will trail upon the ground, Hogg of Texas will lose his bristles, Jerry Simpson will get a pair of socks. Johann Most will take a bath, Waite will become a college professor, Grover Cleveland will travel as a living skeleton and Mary Ellen Lense will become a grand opera prima donna. It will be some time before these things come to pass.

The Cleveland administration is not yet able to make ends meet in the financial conduct of the government. The expenditures for the month of September exceeded the revenues by \$7,701,700. For the three months ended September 30, the expenditures exceeded the receipts by \$10,070,010; and all this notwithstanding the large amounts received from the increased movement of goods subject to internal-revenue taxation, and the great rush of imports through the custom-houses, as a consequence of the new tariff. This excess of expenditures over receipts cannot go on indefinitely. Unless it be checked soon, another issue of bonds will be necessary. But, as heretofore noted, the administration will put off this loan until after the November elections, and remaining in office until he is removed or resigns.

Other striking reforms which are provided for in these amendments are for the abolition of the offices of city assessor and tax collector, the work to be performed by the county officials; also for the consolidation of the offices of water overseer and street superintendent with that of city engineer, thus making the city engineer responsible for the work of these two offices, which is now often performed in a very loose manner.

These are reforms in the direction of economy and efficiency, which will bear investigation. The suggestions are the result of much careful thought on part of the citizens composing the several committees. They do not claim to have framed a perfect charter, but they do claim to have made a great improvement on the old one, and the Times believes they are correct.

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This state of affairs has grown so monotonous that responsible men in several of the large cities of the country have become weary of it, and have determined to effect a change, even if they have to fight for it. Taking a hint from the bosses, they also have combined, irrespective of party—combined for the purpose of selecting good men for office. This action has been taken in New York and in San Francisco, and preparations are being made for similar action in other cities. Like other schemes of reform that do reform, this method is so simple that the wonder is it was not thought of before. As long as the boodlers could keep the decent voters in two or more opposing camps, they, of course, had the best of it, but as soon as the latter united, they found themselves in a majority, as they would in any American city, however corrupt it may be.

The movement for municipal reform which is now attracting so much attention throughout the country does not stop here, however. Besides the out-and-out bootlegging which goes on, there is a vast amount of what may be characterized as more or less legitimate extravagance in municipal affairs—that is to say, extravagance which is sanctioned by custom, or by the charters of cities. We are a long way yet from the point where economy in the management of a city will be considered as natural and desirable as economy in running a big mercantile house, but we shall get there in time.

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HIS GALL.

"How big was Alexander, pa.
When genoys called him great?
Was he like old Goliath tall?
His spear an hundred-weight?"

"Oh, no, my son, J. F. I'm sure.
Was never so large as that;
But ere his fall he felt as big
As any Dimmyocrat."

"Is Brooks so large that he can stand?
Like some tall steeple high,
And, while his feet are on the ground,
His hands can touch the sky?"

"Oh, no, my boy, J. M. Ann
Is not very tall;
The size of a feather makes him great,
But greatness of his gall."

"His gall so great! I've often heard
He had a fearful rind;
But what great actions did he do?
Come, daddy, free your mind!"

"My child, he did not conquer Tyre,
Nor level down her wall;
Was Alexander that he swiped—
(He did it with his gall.)"

"But how?" "My boy, just hold a bit,
I'll give it to you straight.
The story's long—I'll cut it short.
It's very old, you will."

"J. M. Ann's pockets bulged with coins—
A thousand ducats (more or less)
In good, hard, yellow gold."

"He bluffed poor Johann, boy;
But Alec didn't call;
He tried to pull him down and out—
(He did it with his gall.)"

"He tempted Alec with his gall;
But Alec wouldn't bite.
(A Dimmyocrat will never give up
When 'order' is in sight.)"

"J. M. Ann next appeared, 'tis said,
In the convention hall;
And there he 'worked' the delegates—
(He did it with his gall.)"

"I don't know how the thing was done,
Or when the day was done;
But Alexander got it where he was—
The chicken got the ax."

"I know not if he spent his coin,
Or if he kept it all;
But this I know—he 'worked' the boys—
(He did it with his gall.)"

"It's working' people made him great,
Then why was Abel Grind.
Who bribed his neighbor, let me say,
Put him jail and send?"

"My offering, you are off your base—
That is, you're off the scent.
You needn't be—well, can't you see—
I'm a it—there's more behind."

"Then, when, if I should bribe a man,
I'd give him more or more;
I should be great and not get fined,
Like Abel Grind before."

"No, no, my son, 'would never do—
The gospel bids be kind.
But let me tell you all the tale,
For there is more behind."

"They yanked poor Alec down and out,
In spite of all his gall;
Then tried to fill the vacancy
With Prohibition daisies."

"The 'commodore' will surely have
His trouble for his pains;
For though he tries to fill the place,
The vacancy remains."

"So there you are: The Pops and Dems
Are in a heap of fun;
But T. J. P. is not my boy,
Is sure to yank the bun!"

FIELD OF POLITICS.

THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE IN NEW QUARTERS.

Addresses Made by Several Speakers.

Gov. McKinley and Tom Reed
Send Greetings to the
Young Voters.

The Young Men's Republican League held an opening in their new rooms last night in the Stowell Block, which was attended by a number of prominent Republicans, a number of whom were candidates. George Beebe acted as chairman in the absence of Arthur Kinney. After the regular business was disposed of, remarks were made by N. P. Conroy, Louis Gottschalk, H. S. Rollins, W. E. Dunn and J. C. Hatt, after which liquid refreshments were served.

At the evening Secretary Francis read letters from Gov. McKinley and Tom Reed of Maine, which had been sent in reply to expressions of the league's interest in the Republican cause.

Gov. McKinley wrote as follows:

"Your very polite communication of the 16th inst. is just received by me upon my return from a vacation trip. I regret that I did not see it early enough to make acknowledgement in time for the opening of your new headquarters on the 30th inst.

"No movement in politics has more attracted my interest and sympathy than the league movement. I look upon my work as a most potent instrument in the cause of progress. I have been greatly interested in your efforts to bring about a change in the condition of the country. I rejoice in your success as far as it goes, and I rejoice to learn from you that the young men of California have awakened to the value of club and league organization."

Tom Reed's letter was read at Portland, Me., August 14. Mr. Reed's acknowledgment follows:

"I regret that I was neither able to be present at your opening, nor to have received your letter in time to send any words of greeting. I wish you such success as may come to you young men who have started right."

The league is now permanently established in its new quarters, which will be open to visiting Republicans at all times.

The City Campaign.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETING.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The Executive Committee of the

THE STATE MILITIA.

important Changes are Suggested by Gen. Allen.

He Thinks the Major-General and Staff Officers Should Be Abolished.

He Also Favors Reorganizing the Entire Force into Three Brigades Instead of Six—Cutting Off Officers.

The forthcoming report of Brig.-Gen. C. O. Allen, Adjutant-General of the National Guard of California, promises to be an interesting document. The San Francisco Chronicle of Monday prints a Sanopis of the report, which has not yet left the hands of the Public Printer, from which the following is taken:

"In making his report, Gen. Allen dwelt at some length on the efficiency of the National Guard as compared with other States, and the status of the guard at the time of the last report thereon. The number strength of the State force of officers and men, is 520. Of this number, 700 are supplied with the latest-improved Springfield rifles, and the remainder with old, obsolete arms, which are practically useless. The entire Guard is now completely reformed, throughout, and about one-half have been promoted to the rank of non-commissioned officers and men, is 520. Of this number, 700 are supplied with the latest-improved Springfield rifles, and the remainder with old, obsolete arms, which are practically useless. The entire Guard is now completely reformed, throughout, and about one-half have been promoted to the rank of non-commissioned officers and men, is 520. Many of these, however, were not a part of the National Guard equipment until purchased recently for use in the railroad troubles. The mounted troops, staff and field officers, have been supplied with the latest Colt revolvers, 300 having been purchased by Adj.-Gen. Allen.

"The State troops have a liberal allowance of camp equipment, yet there are many companies which have neither tents, cooking or camp outfit. The medical corps received attention in the report. To this important branch of the State service Gen. Allen has added a corps of medical and surgical instruments, purchased during the recent strike at a cost of \$75, as the Guard was found to be without any surgical appliances excepting those owned by regimental surgeons or their personal property. Of medicines the State has never purchased, and the coming Gen. Allen will urge a more liberal allowance for this important branch, the previous allowance of the hospital service being only \$50.

"In reviewing the service of the State troops for the year, Gen. Allen will endeavor to give the actual number of men and horses, the services and the number of miles of railroad track guarded during the period of the great strike. He will embody in this report the actual number of days State troops were on duty, and the kind of duty performed.

"The expense of the maintenance of the troops is to be maintained as well. At first it was conjectured that the total cost of the National Guard for pay, rations and wear of arms, accoutrements and uniforms would exceed \$200,000. This figure, however, is to be an overestimate. Already Col. Murray, of the Adjutant-General's staff, has the work of the pay-roll, commissary, quartermaster, and paymaster in hand, and it is estimated that the expense will be below \$250,000. Many of the bills rendered are exorbitant, and in some cases articles are billed at 100 per cent. increase over local current prices. It goes without saying that these figures will be cut, and a reasonable price substituted.

"A summary of his report Adj.-Gen. Allen will make a strong appeal to have the National Guard reorganized, and, as previously stated, shorn of its purely ornamental top hamper. In California there are more officers in comparison to the number of privates than in any other State in the Union. New York State, with over 10,000 troops, has less than one-half the number of officers as compared with California. California has one officer to every nine men. To do away with this burden, Adj.-Gen. Allen proposes some such arrangement as will be carried into effect by the State Legislature, will cause a general shower of shoulder straps, stars, eagles and bars.

"First of all, in reorganizing the militia, it will be suggested to form the entire State Guard into three brigades instead of six, as at present. This will do away with the entire staff, as follows: Three brigadier-generals, three assistant adjutant-generals, three brigade surgeons, three brigade judge advocates, three brigade ordnance officers, six brigade signal officers, three brigade paymasters, three brigade quartermasters, three brigade engineers, three brigade inspectors of rifle practice, three brigade commissioners and six brigade aides-de-camp, or forty-eight brigade officers.

"But Gen. Allen, in order to bring the National Guard into a more efficient condition, does not stop here. He calls for the general abolition of the staff, and that the division commander's staff be cut out by the abolition of the major-general and his entire staff. His suggestion also advises the doing away with all paymasters throughout the guard, and in urging their abolition he quotes for his reasons the fact which prohibits the paymasters of the National Guard from being disbursing officers. At present the office of paymaster in the National Guard is an empty honor and no utility to the State when the National Guard is called into actual service.

"Gen. Allen's recommendations are carried out, the officers of division and brigade quartermaster and commissary will be things of the past. In the reorganization it is proposed to work upon different lines so that the regimental staff officers will have the care of their regiments, and will, particularly, be in charge with regimental quartermasters and commissaries. Under the present system these officers are frequently hampered in the execution of their duties by the countermanding orders of brigade staff quartermasters and commissary officers, and, as shown in Sanopis, pages 3 and 4, when through such orders, many of the troops were not properly provisioned.

"In making these recommendations, Gen. Allen proposes to submit, as an illustration, the Sixth Brigade, which is located at Burela. This brigade consists of Cos. A. and B. located at Burela and Arcata, respectively. The strength of this command is less than one hundred men, yet it has twenty-seven officers, of which twenty-one hold field and staff positions.

"In reorganizing the National Guard the brigades will be more concentrated than under the present system. This follows for two reasons: The brigades will be more centrally located, and the annual encampments can be had at a better advantage to the troops participating. Adj.-Gen. Allen will call the attention of the commandant-in-chief to the equipment of the guard, and urge the passing of a special appropriation for the proper equipment. As stated, not one of the money available only 700 stands of improved arms could be purchased this year. The past labor troubles have clearly demonstrated the necessity of the National Guard being thoroughly equipped in every particular.

"An effort will be made to have the State provide itself with proper tents, equipage, medicines, ambulances and surgical appliances. To do this, it is hoped command a liberal appropriation.

"Gen. Allen's report should be ready for the consideration of the commandant-in-chief by the 15th inst., as it has been in the hands of the State Printer, in part, for some days.

As to Fido's Remains.

"He was a beautiful little dog," said the caller, doing his best to offer sympathy. "It must be awful bereavement to lose him. Can't you take his remains to the taxidermist?"

"I think," said Mrs. Goffreant, with a fresh burst of tears, "we had already paid the taxes on him."

IN SOCIAL SPHERES.

Will F. Palen, one of the oldest employees of the Downey-avenue cable, surprised all of his friends yesterday morning by marrying Miss Effie Weaver of this city. They started soon after the ceremony for the North to spend their honeymoon. They intend to visit the bride's brother and sister before they return, which will be in about four weeks.

Mrs. J. R. Richards has returned from San Diego.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of John Franklin Burns of this city and Miss Anna Helen, daughter of William G. Garveright, prominent citizen of Grand Rapids, Mich., the wedding to take place at 11 o'clock on the morning of October 5, at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. Burns was for several years the proprietor of the Hotel Romona, and was well known here.

Miss Edith Norval and Annie Mathew are to be at the city, after a pleasure trip of ten days.

Frank Irving and bride have arrived in Los Angeles, and will be at home with their many friends after October 3, at No. 646 South Hill street.

Get ready for a merry social season. W. M. Edwards Company, society's stationers and engravers.

THE PRATT CASE.

THE HEARING WILL BE RESUMED THIS MORNING.

A Decision by Judge Clark Settling Some Points as to the Admissibility of Certain Evidence.

TEMPERED WITH MERCY.

MANY CANDIDATES FOR POLICE COURT JUSTICE.

IT WAS A TWO-DOLLAR DAY AND THE DRUNKS WERE LET OFF WITH LIGHT SENTENCES—THE MURPHY STOETZER ROW.

The further hearing in the noted Pratt case was continued until this morning, in order to permit several of the attorneys interested in the calling of the trial calendar to attend in Department Four.

Judge Clark yesterday handed down a decision on several questions which have arisen during the progress of the trial, touching the admissibility of certain evidence which has been offered and argued at great length, as follows:

"First—The codicil offered for probate herein purports to have been executed on June 3, 1885. One of the issues to be submitted to the jury is: Was the document, at the time of the execution of said codicil, of sound mind? The contestants claim that the mind of the deceased was not of sound mind, as is shown by the account given by the death of his son, Charles P. Pratt, which occurred in February, 1885, and that this impairment was permanent and progressive in character, and was the cause of the decedent's death. Some evidence has been offered and received, tending in this direction, to the effect that the deceased was more or less affected by his son's death and prior to June, 1885. Contestants now offer to prove by two witnesses, Mrs. Grace Goucher and Catherine Gaffney, the condition of decedent's mind at a period subsequent to the alleged execution of the codicil. They offer to qualify their statement in that it relates to a period subsequent to the execution of the codicil.

"Second—The will offered for probate purports to have been executed April 23, 1881. As one of the grounds of opposition to the probate of the complaint in contest alleges in substance that in the year 1884, in the month of April, A. F. Stoezter, (C.G.P.) and to prove by the former that the deceased was of unsound mind in 1887 and 1888, and by the latter that it was mentally incompetent in 1882.

The contestants object, upon the ground that it is incompetent and illegal to offer to prove by the deceased principals occurred in front of the Hollenbeck Hotel Friday evening. Murphy and Stoezter had had some difficulty previously, and when Stoezter walked up to the cigar stand and saw the former standing by the shrubbery he stopped and, in a whispering manner, spoke to him, and started toward the smaller man. Murphy informed him that he wanted no trouble, but Stoezter repeated his bad language and struck at Murphy with his fist, hitting him squarely in the face. Murphy thereupon seized his cane and struck back and then the combatants were parted.

Zue G. Peck, who is celebrated for his

ability to talk against time in long-winded arguments, endeavored to convince Justice Austin that he should be allowed to offer to prove by the deceased's testimony of an irrelevant nature in defense of the defendant. The attorney wanted to show that the trouble between the men justified the battery, but the court firmly held to the rule of law and sustained repeated objections to this class of testimony. Stoezter will appear for a provision and clause wherein it was

stated that all wills and codicils therefore made by her were by said instrument revoked.

In support of this ground of opposition the contestants, after laying a foundation for the introduction of secondary evidence, called C. P. Hanlon and offered to prove by him that in the year 1884 the said testator did execute a will containing such a clause; that he, as the attorney of deceased, prepared the will and at her request subscrbed his name as an attesting witness. The court held that the proof of the instrument was that such proof of revocation is not admissible under the pleadings, and, as admissible, that the testimony of the witness Hanlon should not be received, because it falls within the rule of privileged communications.

On both points the objections are over-

HOTEL DEL CORONADO

RATES REDUCED

during the balance of the season to

\$2.50 a Day

by the week for board and room

In \$3.50 and

\$4.00 Rooms.

Finest swimming tanks and surf bath-

ing on the coast. The new boulevard be-

tween ocean and bay makes the finest

driveway and bicycle track in the west.

Round trip ticket and week's board \$21.

Coronado Agency, 113 Spring St., San Diego.

JACOBY BRO'S

128 to 134 N. Spring St., through to Main.

How Quick the News has Spread.

Only last Sunday we announced through the daily press that we would put on sale Monday morning 2000 Boys' Suits, bought of the bankrupt firm of Charles Levy & Co., 648 Broadway, New York city, at

50c on the Dollar

WHICH WOULD BE SOLD BY US AT...

Half Price.

Monday our selling capacities in the Boys' Department were taxed to their utmost limit, and yesterday—Tuesday—the rush was still greater.

FAIR WARNING.

New and elegant Boys' Suits of this fall's production sold at half price do not last long. Tardy buyers will miss the greatest chance of the season, as Saturday night will positively end this sale

Here are the Bargains.

Boys' Department second floor—take elevator. Sample Suits exhibited in north window, Spring St. front.

Lot 1—Boys' Suits that were made to sell at \$2.50, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$1.15
Lot 2—Boys' suits that were made to sell at \$3.00, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$1.50
Lot 3—Boys' suits that were made to sell for \$3.50, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$1.75
Lot 4—Boys' suits that were made to sell at \$5 and \$6, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$3.50
Lot 5—Boys' suits that were made to sell at \$6.50, go at the bankrupt sale price of.....	\$4.00

These are Knee Pant Suits, all sizes, 4 to 15 years.

JACOBY BRO'S

Good News Travels Quickly.

Our \$10 Men's Suits and \$10 Men's Overcoat Sale Has taken the town by storm.

Main Clothing floor, 130 and 132 North Spring Street. Suits and Overcoats displayed in center show window.

Never before has there been in the fore part of the fall season such great inducements offered.

MIND YOU

Suits that were made to sell at \$12.50, \$15 and \$17.50, and that merchant tailors will charge \$20, \$25 and \$30 for, we are selling at \$10.00

Until Saturday night this chance is open for you.

Men's Fine \$5.00

Fancy Worsted Trousers.

Pantaloons department, second floor—take elevator.

Only about 150 pairs of those imported Worsted Pants left. They are worth every cent of \$7.50, \$8 and \$10. Only one or two pair of a kind, nice and nobby patterns. \$5.00

We are selling them this week at.....

Its Fame Will Live.



The World's Columbian Exposition marked the climax of human achievement. It will live in memory of the crowning glory of modern times. No other development of the closing century can compare with it in practical benefit to mankind.

Who that exhibited is not proud of it? Who that failed to exhibit does not regret the omission? The former are the people of to-day. The latter are relics of the past.

No honor so high as that embodied in an award at the fair. Competition was world-wide, the fruits of ripest experience and noblest endeavors were submitted for examination.

Honest tribunals, composed of eminent scientists, examined and passed upon the claims of exhibitors. Their judgement based on inquiry and justice, proves conclusively the value of any article they commend.

Their approval was stamped on

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

It received the highest award at the fair from a jury headed by the Chief Chemist of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Dr. Price's was officially commended for highest leavening power, purity, keeping qualities and general excellence.

J. T. Sheward,

113-115 N. Spring St.

IT is remarkable the way the dress goods sales are increasing. We have more than doubled the dress goods sales. We are working hard to treble them. Dress goods in the choicest designs and in the best qualities 50 and 54 inches wide for \$1 a yard. No wonder the dress goods trade has more than doubled. Yesterday we advertised a bargain in black dress goods. Before noon every yard was sold. They were a remarkable bargain. Today we offer as great a bargain in fine black goods in the grandest quality. This is a heavy, round English cord. The goods are 46 inches wide. The goods will be sold for \$1.50 a yard. Their real value is \$2.25. Just right for a tailor-made costume. For fine goods no bargain of this character has ever been offered before. Here is a fine 44-inch all-wool serge for 75c. This bargain in black goods should all be sold before night. Here is a much finer all-wool black serge 44 inches wide for \$1 a yard. They are from 25c to 50c a yard cheaper than these goods usually sell for. They are a great bargain. The widths are not exaggerated. We believe in truthful statements. Extra fine serge with small, neat figure woven in the goods, 40 inches wide. The price \$1 a yard. No wonder our dress goods trade is more than doubling. We show over 300 different styles in all-wool goods for 50c a yard. They are all choice new goods. All of our last season's style are on the counter selling for one-half the original price. Great bargains. Nice desirable styles in double-fold goods for 25c to 40c a yard. We have the goods to suit all classes. We say to you candidly the profits have been cut in two, with the idea of trebling the dress goods sales. We have more than doubled them. We expect to treble them. Fine navy blue storm serges, 44 inches wide, 75c a yard. The only mistake we made about this quality we did not buy one-fourth the amount we should. It is one of the articles that opened up much better than we expected it would. You should see it today. We have received our new fall Cloaks, Capes and

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, SS.

Personally appeared before me, H. G. Otis, president and general manager of the Times-Mirror Company, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily records and permanent files of the office show that the weekly editions of The Times for the week ended September 29, 1894, were as follows:

Sunday, September 23, 16,100.
Monday, 24, 11,820.
Tuesday, 25, 11,820.
Wednesday, 26, 11,810.
Thursday, 27, 11,810.
Friday, 28, 11,810.
Saturday, 29, 11,810.

Total, 87,110.
Daily average, 12,444.

H. G. OTIS,
Signed.

Sworn and sworn to before me this 29th day of September, 1894.
J. C. OLIVER,
Notary Public in and for Los Angeles County,
State of California.

NOTE.—The Times is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 87,110 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 14,114 copies.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

One Cent a Word for Each Insertion.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

We HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT JU King has withdrawn from our firm, and is no longer entitled to our firm, in name or for our account; all outstanding accounts will be collected by our firm, KWONG, YUET, LUNG & CO., 322½ Marchmont St., THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF THE SOCIETY OF THE WORKING-BOYS' Home Society will be held at the Pleasanton Hotel, E. Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. MRS. E. V. VIGOR, Sec.

MURRIS PAYS SMALL FEES FOR a great second-hand clothing, etc., a trial; send postal, 111½ COMMERCIAL ST., second clothing store east of Main.

WILCOX & GIBBS'S "AUTOMATIC" THE only automatic sewing machine on earth. Price, \$100.00.

CHICAGO IOWA CREAMERY BUTTER, 30 cents a pound. M. T. HERZOG, 54½ S. Spring.

ADAM'S MICROBE KILLER, OFFICE, NO. 135½ S. SPRING, room 11.

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 550 to 560 Buena Vista st.

WANTED—Help, Male.

PETTY, HUMMER & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS, 300-302 W. Second st., in basement California Bank Building.

(Office open from 1 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sundays.)

Man for furniture store who can do some upholstering; gardener for 1 day, \$2; boy to chores on home place, \$3 etc.; marble scabbers, \$50 to \$60 month; cheese-maker, \$500 month; laundry, \$100 month. Our list is very small today, but do not forget that our very best orders scarcely ever see these ads. They are filled the day they are taken.

Our ladies' department is in excellent condition. Every day brings us new trophies, both from those who give orders and those who want work. Ladies, come and see us. We take second place to none in our business.

PETTY, HUMMER & CO.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, with \$6000 or \$6500 to invest, can obtain a good position in one of the best banks in the city; must have first-class references and experience. Apply with references, J. Box 41, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A FARMER, EXPERIENCED man, for ranch; references required; will grub-stake and give share of crops to acceptable man; none others need apply. Address P. O. Box 612.

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE AN OFFICE and represent a manufacturer, \$60 per week; small capital required. Address with stamp, M.F.G., Box 212, Concord Junction, Mass.

WANTED—A TRAVELING MAN, CLOTHES-SELLER, man clothing salesman; man and wife, \$65, found. NETTINGER'S, 5½ S. Spring.

WANTED—AN AMBITIOUS AND ENERGETIC man with some talking ability. Apply 22 S. Spring, room 65.

WANTED—Help, Female.

WANTED—LADY COLLECTOR, GOVERNESS, waitresses, chambermaid, house-keeper, \$40; laundry, laundress. EDWARD NETTINGER, 5½ S. Spring.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP IN small family for general housework. Apply 141 TOLUCA ST. city.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR GENERAL domestic service; part place if suitable. 1842 S. GRAND AVE.

WANTED—HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD help. MRS. SCOTT & MISS M'Carthy, 10½ S. Broadway.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY CASHIER. Call at KINETOSCOPE ARCADE, 206 S. Spring.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; wage, \$1 a month. 230 E. 29TH ST.

WANTED—BOSTON FEMALE EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES. 223 S. Broadway.

WANTED—NURSEIGAL. APPLY AT 534 cor. TRIMBLE and GRAND AVE.

WANTED—Help, Male and Female.

WANTED—HELP FREE AND WOMEN. E. NETTINGER, 5½ S. Spring. Tel. 112.

WANTED—Partners.

WANTED—AT ONCE A PARTNER IN well-established manufacture of California trout sherbet; can dispose of any amount of stock as fast as made; fine opening; too much for one man to attend to; will have to be in constant attendance; nominal price of \$500. Investigate. MACKNIGHT & CO., 223 S. Broadway.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH SMALL CAPITAL, either local or to travel, to act as business manager; investigate. Address K. Box 19, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—Rooms and Board.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, FURNISHED with a Cabin, \$100 monthly, permanently; must be reasonable. Address K. Box 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS, CLOSE to light housekeeping, where can have a bath. Inquire room 102, WILSON BLOCK.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, LARGE,airy room, with board. Address K. Box 6, TIMES OFFICE.

SPECIALISTS—Diseases Treated.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, ETC., permanently removed by electricity. MRS. MERRIN, 56 and 57, Wilson Block.

DR. G. W. COLEMAN, OPTICIAN—OPTICAL, 12-22 Wilson Block, Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—Stations, Male.

WANTED—A THOROUGH-GOING BUSINESS man, for 11 years traveling salesman in stores and hardware trade at the East, with good connections; him we would like to fill any position he may seek, asks the business men of Los Angeles if they cannot find a place for him, to earn a living. Address G. B. GEO. S. HURD, Hotel Cortez, Los Angeles.

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED GERMAN MAN of steady habits, must be a worker, to take care of 2 horses and about 1 acre of land. Address MERRILL and MATTHEWS ST., Boyle Heights.

WANTED—SITUATION BY FRENCH MAN to work in family housework, or as coachman; speaks Spanish and English; work wanted. Address MR. B. LARBAIG, 529 S. Flower.

WANTED—SITUATION AS GARDENER, nurseryman or care of fruit ranch; private place, job gardening or watchman; good place. Address F. L. CROSS, 84 Grand St., Boyle Heights.

WANTED—THE MOST THOROUGHLY practical oil-well driller in Southern California, wishes to make contracts for drilling oil wells. Address K. Box 11, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A CAPABLE BUSINESS MAN wants an outside situation; owns a home and rig; low salary; has been in real estate in this city. F. L. CROSS, 84 Grand St., Boyle Heights.

WANTED—SITUATION BY JAPANESE TO do cooking or general housework; experienced. Address K. Box 17, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY JAPANESE, GOOD COOK, a woman in the city, will do light work; wages cheap. K. Box 8, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY JAPANESE SITUATION TO work in stockraising and farming. Address KONO, 509 S. Spring st.

WANTED—Situations, Female.

WANTED—BY THOROUGHLY COMPETENT woman, with 10 years' experience in general banking business, position with reliable permanent parties; none other need answer; unexpected references; good references. Address K. Box 1, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE WIDOW, from the East, a position to do general housework for widower, with or without children; care of home, \$100 month. Address K. Box 3, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A REFINED YOUNG LADY, a position in Pasadena as teacher to young children, or companion; is thoughtful and kind; the best of references. Address K. Box 43, E. COLORADO ST., Boyle Heights.

WANTED—BY EXPERT-EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER, sewing engagement by day, city or country; fit guaranteed. THOMPSON BLOCK, 319 W. Second st., room 8.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, a woman, an invalid, or 60 second work, etc., etc. Address K. Box 1, TIMES OFFICE.

CHICAGO IOWA CREAMERY BUTTER, 30 cents a pound. M. T. HERZOG, 54½ S. Spring.

ADAM'S MICROBE KILLER, OFFICE, NO. 135½ S. SPRING, room 11.

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 550 to 560 Buena Vista st.

WANTED—To Purchase.

WANTED—A good lot, Cheap for cash.

WANTED—A good lot, Cheap for cash, in the University tract.

OLIVER & CRESPINGER, 27 W. First st.

WANTED—HOUSES AND LOTS FROM \$500 to \$3000; we have actual customers for such; must be cheap and terms easy. MACKNIGHT & CO., 223 S. Broadway.

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND WIND-UP SEWING MACHINE, good condition, state make and lowest price. Address K. Box 18, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—WORK; FIRST-CLASS DRESS-MAKER, \$2 per day. 611 TEMPLE ST.

WANTED—To Purchase.

WANTED—A good lot, Cheap for cash.

<p

THE PUBLIC SERVICE

Regular Weekly Meeting of the City Council.

Ordinance of Intention Passed for the Proposed Bond Election.

Meeting of the Police Commissioners. The Usual Grist of Saloon Business Attended to—Doings at the Courts.

The City Council yesterday passed the ordinance of intention for the proposed bond election. The recommendation of the Fire Commission that the amended bid of a Chicago concern for furnishing three combination chemical and hose wagons be accepted was adopted by a bare majority. The Consolidated Electric Company petitioned for a franchise under which it could electrify the so-called Kuhns-street line and the two cable divisions. The Police Commission acted on a number of saloon matters, as well as on several appointments as officers.

At the Courthouse considerable business was transacted, including the sentencing of young Bright, the dade burglar.

At the United States building, the Federal grand jury made a partial report, returning indictments against the opium smugglers.

AT THE CITY HALL.

City Council.

THE USUAL WEEKLY ROUTINE—BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

The city fathers, except Mr. Nickell, were all present at yesterday's morning session of the City Council.

The City Clerk presented a new and corrected ordinance for the improvement of Third street, between Crocker and Alameda streets, and repealing the former ordinance for the same. Adopted.

Grading and otherwise improving Bonita street, between First street and Temple street. Adopted.

Grading and otherwise improving Fourth street, from Omar avenue to Wolfskill avenue. Adopted.

The clerk also reported it would be in order to pass final ordinances for the following:

MEAT INSPECTIONS.

The Meat Inspector reported: "I have made 1634 inspections of the different meat, fish and poultry stands and saw fit in my judgment to condemn and destroy as unfit for food the following: One lot of mixed fish owned by F. H. Hins, peddler; six chickens owned by F. H. Hins, of Glendale; seven chickens in Hannigan's shell, No. 2, meat market; one ham in King's grocery, No. 2629 South Main street; nine chickens owned by J. C. Healey of Cleverwater; eleven chickens in the wagons of H. H. Smith of Frogtown."

The manager of the free fish bureau reported for the week ending September 29, 487 applications for employment and 519 positions secured.

CHEMICAL AND HOSE WAGONS.

A report from the Fire Commission recommended that the Council contract with the Fire Extinguisher Manufacturing Company of Chicago for three combination chemical and hose wagons, for \$5240.

Councilman Munson moved to adopt the recommendation, and Councilman Strohm said it should not be adopted. The other commissioners, it is said, had presented a petition representing to the Council that the Fire Commission had allowed the agent of the other company to amend its bid.

Councilman Innes said he believed the matter should be referred to a committee for investigation. Councilman Rhodes said it was important that action should not be delayed.

Councilman Munson stated the Fire Commissioners are experienced men, and ought to be competent to judge of the matter.

Action on the recommendation was deferred till afternoon.

A report of the Police Commission that the petition of A. Lazarus, for a rebate of \$25 on his saloon license at No. 653 Upper Main street, be granted, was adopted.

A recommendation of the Fire Commission that the fire ordinance be so amended as to allow the storage of crude oil for fuel to be consumed on the premises, was filed.

President Teed moved that the City Attorney be instructed to present an ordinance granting permission to property-owners to construct a private sewer on Twenty-third street, between Main street and Alameda avenue, under the usual specifications. Adopted.

The ordinance was presented and passed a few minutes later.

The requisitions and demands were approved.

THE SEWER COMMITTEE.

The Sewer Committee reported: "We recommend that the protest from D. Callaghan et al. be referred to the City Engineer to report as to the amount of frontage thereon contained." Adopted.

Mr. F. H. Hins, peddler, was directed to be instructed to report to the Council the sewer districts that have been and will be obliged to pay more than the average cost of eight-inch sewers, and the approximate amount in excess of the cost of eight-inch sewers that each of such districts will be obliged to pay."

Councilman Rhodes moved to amend so that the words "be obliged to pay more than the average cost" should read instead, "be obliged to pay the cost of caring for the sewage of its own district and the amount paid in excess of the cost of caring for its own sewage."

Action on the matter was laid over till afternoon.

PROPOSALS OPENED.

Proposals for constructing cement pipe for delivering sewage to the San Simeon Company were received as follows: C. Sherer, Maple avenue, route, 78.8 cents per foot; for Pan Pedro-street route, 78 cents per foot; Frick Bros., 98 cents and \$1 per foot, respectively; Sutter Bros., 68 and 62 cents per foot respectively.

For improving Pasadena avenue, from the bridge to the city limits the bids were: W. B. Nichols, 38 cents per foot; D. F. Donegan, work complete, \$940.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Campbell moved that the City Attorney be directed to present an ordinance changing the name of Gillette street to Mitchell and for one block between Mitchell and Bridge streets. Adopted.

On motion of Councilman Munson the City Water Company was requested to place fire hydrants at Silver street and Loma drive; also to lay a four-inch water main from Silver to Wilshire streets to connect with said fire hydrant.

The same gentleman moved to instruct the Street Superintendent to remove the sidewalk on the west side of Hill street between First and Second streets. Adopted.

Councilman Munson also moved that the City Engineer be directed to report on the water to prevent water standing and overflowing the sidewalk at the northeast corner of Fifth and Hill streets, and the probable expense. Adopted.

Councilman Pessell moved that the Street Superintendent be instructed to raise the northeast intersection of Ninth and Hill streets so as to divide the normal amount of water which goes down the street and floods all the property on Wall and Prospect streets. Referred to the Board of Public Works and City Attorney.

Councilman Pessell moved that the Street Superintendent be instructed to clean the gutters on Prospect street so

as to prevent the water backing up on Pico street. Adopted. Rescissed till 2 p.m.

Afternoon Session.

The Council reconvened in the afternoon, with the same members present as at the morning session.

Councilman Pessell moved to request the City Engineer to present a plan that would provide for a street grade on one hundred and fifty feet on East Thirteenth and Thirty-first streets, and covering the sidewalks with two or three inches of mud after every rain. Adopted.

The same gentleman moved to instruct the Street Superintendent to clean the streets and gutters on Los Angeles, Bunker, Maple avenue and Wall streets, between Ninth and Washington streets, so as to make each street carry its equal proportion of water. Adopted.

Councilman Campbell moved that the Street Superintendent open up Henry Street. Adopted.

THE BID ACCEPTED.

The recommendation of the Fire Commission, laid over from the morning session, that the bid of the Fire Extinguisher Manufacturing Company of Chicago, to furnish the apparatus, chemical and hose wagons, be accepted, was taken up.

The recommendation was adopted by the following vote: Yeas, Campbell, Innes, Munson, Rhodes and President Teed (5); nays, Pessell, Strohm and Smith (3).

PUBLIC WORKS.

The Board of Public Works reported as follows:

"In the matter of the petition from A. J. Probst and others, asking that the grade of North Gates street, from Downey avenue to Patrick street, be established, we recommend that the same be granted, and that the City Engineer instructed to present the necessary ordinance therefor." Adopted.

"In the matter of the petition from Robert Currier, stating that the contractor on Hill street has piled dirt on lot No. 59 of the Victor Heights tract, without the consent of the owner and asking for no bonds or warrant to be issued to him for the same, we recommend that the said petition be referred to the City Engineer to the following vote: Yeas, Campbell, Innes, Munson, Rhodes and President Teed (5); nays, Pessell, Strohm and Smith (3).

WANT TO ELECTRIZE.

The Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company presented an application for a franchise, under which to electrify what is known as the Kuhns-street line.

The route is described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of Temple and Main streets, thence northerly along Main to New Main to the river, thence across Kuhns-street bridge, now owned by the petitioners to Kuhns street, thence eastward along Kuhns street to the Mission road, thence northeasterly along Mission road to New Main and San Fernando streets, thence northerly on San Fernando street along the east side of the Southern Pacific road, thence eastward along the right-of-way to electrify all the lines of cable tracks known as the Grand-avenue and Downey-avenue division, and to change any of the lines now operated by the company as horse railways to electric railways.

WANTS MORE BONDS.

A petition from Thomas G. Moore said: "By the issuance of the proposed bonds it appears to some of the taxpayers that you are favoring one locality at the expense of another, therefore, I would petition your body to include in your proposed ordinance the sum of \$100,000 for the purpose of making a grade Temple street suitable for traffic." Adopted.

"We recommend that the proposal of L. Hewlett, to sweep the streets of the city of Los Angeles at \$5.25 per linear mile, for all widths, be accepted, and that the City Attorney instructed to prepare and present the necessary contract and bond." Adopted.

A SPRINKLING BREEZE.

At this time Councilman Rhodes asked the City Attorney called in. City Attorney McFarland came in and, being asked whether he thought it would be legal to accept the bid, he said the Council had a right to do so, but he believed it would be establishing a bad precedent.

The petition of J. S. Hager to improve Lucas avenue, at \$2.14 per linear foot, for the purpose of making a grade, was referred to the City Engineer to the following vote: Yeas, Campbell, Innes, Munson, Rhodes and President Teed (5); nays, Pessell and Smith (3).

THE COURTHOUSE.

The case came up for trial yesterday in Department Five, wherein complications have arisen in an indirect manner through divorce proceedings. Jose M. Maresca is seeking to recover \$7000 advanced on promissory note and Adelaida Hamilton, Samuel Hamilton, F. S. Hayes, E. H. Bentley, R. D. Dunham and J. R. Dupuy are defendants.

On recommendation of the Chief, the application of Joseph Myers, as special commissioner for service at the Vienna Buffet, was referred to the City Engineer to the following vote: Yeas, Campbell, Innes, Munson, Rhodes and President Teed (5); nays, Pessell and Smith (3).

OTHER PETITIONS.

From Mrs. E. Hunter and another asking that a sidewalk be laid on the east side of Hope street between Sixth street and the Normal School grounds.

From S. G. Walters and others, asking relief from the nuisance caused by the collection of storm water at Fifth and Los Angeles streets.

From Thomas Johansen, asking immediate attention be given to the nuisance caused by storm water at Hinton and Beaudry avenues.

From A. H. Smith and others, asking that an outlet be provided for the sewer recently ordered to be constructed on Hope street from First street to Temple.

From Louis Lyon and others, asking that Daly street be opened between Valencia and Mozart streets.

From R. Molony and others, asking in the proposed school-bond proposition there be included a provision for enlarging the capacity of the Macy-street school.

From Mrs. Jennie W. H. Rich and others, asking that a cement walk five feet wide be laid on the west side of Beaudry avenue between Court and State streets.

From Charles Lewis and others, asking that cement sidewalks be laid on Eleventh street between Serrano and Vernon streets.

From J. M. Morris, asking that he be allowed to use the saloon wagons and sprinkling apparatus that are the property of A. P. Cross in carrying out his contract with the city for sprinkling paved streets.

BRIGHT SENTENCED.

When J. B. Bright, the youth convicted of burglary in the second degree in Department One, appeared before Judge Smith yesterday, Calvin Edgerton, who defended him during his trial, made an eloquent and urgent appeal on behalf of his client, stating that Bright was a man of means and had no criminal record.

The Chief reported on the application of Rudolph Stuetting, for a saloon license at No. 310 South Spring street, and the same was granted.

Applications for Brink & King, for restaurant liquor license at No. 246 South Spring street; of Lawrence & Compton, for a restaurant liquor license at No. 302 North Alameda street, and of J. B. Monblanc, for a restaurant liquor license at No. 228½ Aliso street, were granted on reports of the Chief.

Police Commissioners.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF SALOON BUSINESS CLEARED UP.

Commissioners Bradish and Boobyshell and Mayor Rowan constituted the attendance at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Public Works.

Councilman Rhodes moved that the Street Superintendent put in the street at Sixteenth and Georgia Bell streets, Seventeen and Georgia Bell, Eighteenth and Georgia Bell, across Tenth street west of Sunbury avenue, and at Pico and Hope streets. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

ENGINEER'S REPORT.

The City Engineer reported the following: "Ordinance of intention to construct a granite curb and asphalt sidewalk on the south side of First street between Vine and Alameda streets." Adopted.

"Ordinance of intention to change and establish the grade of Georgia Bell street from Pico street to Eleventh street and fixing the assessment district therefor." Adopted.

"Final ordinance establishing the grade of Clay street between Third and Fourth streets." Adopted.

"Final ordinance establishing the grade of Bush street between Washington and Hoover streets." Adopted.

"Final ordinance establishing the grade of Marchessault street between Main and Alameda streets." Adopted.

"Final ordinance establishing the grade of Oliver street from Marchessault street to Macy street." Adopted.

The section of the report of the Sewer Committee presented at the morning session, regarding the estimation of the cost of construction of sewers in sewer districts, was taken up and Mr. Rhodes withdrew the amendment he had submitted. The report was therupon adopted as originally presented.

REGARDING ZANJAS.

"We recommend that specifications for furnishing materials, constructing and laying a twenty-two-inch steel pipe on Lake Shore avenue, Second street and Fremont avenue, as presented by the Vienna Buffet and some other resorts.

If Mr. Lehman would make some provision of that kind he (Boobyshell) would

be instructed to prepare plans and specifications for piping zanja No. 3 between Twelfth and Fifteenth streets with a wooden stave pipe." Adopted.

TO VOTE BONDS.

The ordinance of intention for the proposed bond election was then presented. That for public school purposes there is needed \$175,000. The other propositions and amounts inserted were as follows: Enlarging and improving Westlake Park, \$25,000; for East Side Park, \$25,000; for Third-street tunnel, \$141,600; land on Providencia ranch for headworks for a waterworks system, \$10,000.

Councilman Pessell came forward with the usual Sixth-ward amendment, and moved to insert in the ordinance a clause to provide for the purchase of a part of the land in the Briswater tract for park purposes, \$45,000.

The ordinance, as thus amended was adopted without further discussion.

Councilman Innes moved that the City Engineer be requested to establish the grade of Western avenue, between Temple road and the main road leading to Chuhenga Valley. Adopted.

The Sewer Committee reported concerning the matter of the ordinance for the improvement of the Macy-street school.

The ordinance was deferred for one week.

Councilman Pessell moved that the amount for school purposes was raised from \$175,000 to \$185,000, so as to allow \$10,000 for the improvement and enlargement of the Macy-street school.

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The Sewer Committee reported concerning the matter of the ordinance for the improvement



NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.
U. S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Oct. 2.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.90; at 5 p.m., 29.82. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 60 deg. and 75 deg. Maximum temperature, 90 deg.; minimum temperature, 56 deg. Character of weather, clear.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

Preparatory to certain changes in my store and business, I have marked down many lines of gentlemen's shoes to prices which ought to make them "go like hot cakes" among intelligent purchasers. William Gibson, No. 142 North Spring street.

The ladies of Los Angeles, Pasadena and Southern California are cordially invited to a military reception given by Miss M. A. Jordan, at No. 314 South Spring street, on October 4, at 8 p.m. No cards.

The friendly suit instituted last week between Emmanuel Church and Lyman Stewart, to determine the validity of a church subscription, was abandoned yesterday, with the consent of all parties.

Mrs. Louise Potts will open the Y.W.C.A. class in dressmaking, cutting and fitting, at 7 p.m. Thursday, Oct. 10, North Spring street.

Dear Rev. A. C. Smith on "Astronomy," First Christian Church, Friday, October 5, Admission, 25 cents; children, 10 cents.

Angelo & Bressi, funeral directors, corner Sixth and Spring, are open day and night.

Lady attendant, Tel. No. 24.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the sweet mountain resort on the Coast. See notice under hotels.

If you don't want a burned breakfast, cook it in an aluminum vessel. No. 222 South Broadway.

Do you want to buy a nice residence, furnished? See Dr. Williams, No. 137 South Broadway.

The Investor (G. A. Dobinson, editor,) publishes a newspaper. On sale at news stands.

School of Art and Design and Art Instruction gallery to Second street, corner Main.

Manila tiles, office fittings, hardware lumber, H. Bohrman, No. 514 South Spring.

Dr. M. H. Williams, No. 137 South Broadway. Head, throat and chest diseases.

A large, well-lighted room on the third floor of Times building for rent.

A. C. Brodersen, Esq., removed his law office to Stimson Block.

American leather-carver, Campbell's Curio.

Dr. Lewis, removed to 2414 South Spring Quince, 10 per pound. Althouse Bros.

Mountain berries at Althouse Bros.

The Fire Commission will meet this morning.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for H. Howes and Smith & Russell.

Wesley Clark has presented a communication to the City Council stating he will be unable to serve as a commissioner for the widening of portion of Buena Vista street. Judge R. M. Widmer, who has received a telegram to the effect that his son, R. M. Widmer, Jr., injured in a railroad accident in Colorado, was not so badly hurt as was first reported. No bones were broken, and he is doing well.

Prof. S. M. Woodbridge, of the Agricultural Chemical Works, put up more than one hundred colonies of the rhinobius ventralis yesterday. He will take a number of colonies today to Pasadena, where parties who will call on him at the Hotel Green, after 3 p.m., may obtain them free of charge.

At a meeting of the Pasadena Clearing-house held yesterday afternoon, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year: L. N. Breed, president; F. C. Howes, vice-president; J. F. Towell, secretary and manager; John Milner, F. A. Gibson, J. Frankenfeld, Clearing-house Committee.

PERSONALS.

William N. Ketchum of Chicago is registered at the Nadeau.

W. M. Fleming and wife of Pateron, N. J., are staying at the Nadeau.

General Manager K. H. Wade of the Southern California road, yesterday went out to Barstow on a tour of inspection.

Van Kirk and wife of New York city are guests of the Nadeau. Mr. Van Kirk is an ex-Alderman of the metropolitan.

J. Duncan Smith, Edinburgh, Scotland; James Colquhon, Clifton, Ariz.; Morton Haig, Gabriel, representing an English syndicate who are negotiating for a gold-mining property near Perris, Riverside county, are at the Nadeau.

POISONED CIDER.

Several Persons Made Sick by Drinking the Compound.

A case of what at first was claimed to be an attempt at poisoning occurred yesterday at one of the refreshment stands kept on the grounds where the toboggan and sleds located. Early yesterday morning several people were taken very sick after drinking orange cider at the stand kept by a man named Falkner.

Falkner says he took a sample of the cider to a chemist on Main street whose name he does not remember and an examination developed the fact that the cider contained a mixture of opium and cyanide of potassium. He insists that some person must have put poison in the can where the cider is kept. Monday night.

On the part of others about the grounds it is stated that there was scarcely any chance for anyone to be present, for a nightwatchman is kept on duty there.

The cider was kept in a galvanized iron can and the action of the acid on the iron probably caused the liquid to be impregnated with a poisonous compound.

The Toboggan.

The toboggan pavilion annex has just been completed, and booths are now ready for tenants. They are being taken by the many attractions and others who wish them.

There was another large crowd at the toboggan last evening. In fact, the enclosure was packed up to the roof of closing, and at times it was so crowded that it was impossible to move around at all.

Treacherous Natives.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 2.—Telegrams have been received from Batavia, stating that a detachment of Dutch troops were led into an ambuscade set for them by the Balinese rebels on the Island of Lombok. A captain and Lieutenant were killed and ten men were wounded. The troops were led into ambuscade by the treachery of natives, who were acting for the Dutch in the capacity of spies.

WE MAY BE LITTLE.

But we get there just the same. Baker's Aquarium Store, No. 222 South Broadway.

SIMMONS' Liver Regulator has never been known to fail to cure all liver diseases.

NO ENVELOPE, No. 24, room writing paper, No. 1, Longstreet, 214 West Second.

W. H. TULLIS, watchmaker, 428 South Spring street.

COUPON.

This will entitle the bearer to one copy of "Gathered Jewels of Song," upon presentation at our office, and the payment of postage. Price, 25 cents. The popular singer, with music, "THE THREE TIMES BLESSING," First and Broadway.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ORPHANS' FAIR.

IT IS MEETING WITH A LARGE PATRONAGE.

Many Attractive and Handsomely Decorated Booths in Charge of the Ladies—Other Good Attractions.

The Catholic Fair, for the benefit of the Orphans' Home, opened Monday night in the new Armory Hall. A large number of people were present, and the hall, lined on each side with gaily-decorated booths, which were in charge of charming young ladies daintily gowned, presented a very attractive appearance. All manner of fancy articles, as well as useful ones, and both combined, can be found at the different tables. There is candy for those inclined, and at the end of the hall, in the ivy-tinted corner which bears the name Rustic Inn, come and the latest refreshments are dispensed in the evening by pretty girls attired in yellow and black Greenaway gowns, while at noon, from 12 o'clock until 2, a more substantial lunch is served. It is quite the fad for ladies to give luncheons to their friends in this place, all for the sake of sweet chit-chat. Miss Muller, Bartender, yesterday, while Muriel and Thairine Mmes. Mossin and Muriel and Mrs. Coleman have invited guests. Any ladies who wish to follow this plan can make arrangements to do so by calling at the booth.

Monday night being the first of the fair, everything was not entirely completed, but those who have the affair in charge have worked faithfully, and last evening all was in perfect working order. A stage has been erected at one end of the hall, and Arend's orchestra will give a concert every evening during the week. An interesting program has been arranged for the opening, which was as follows:

Address—Hon. Stephen M. Whittier, Overture—Arend's Orchestra. Song, "Let Me Love Thee" (Ardit)—J. R. Logie. Violin solo, "Fantasia Appassionata" (Vieuxtemps); Arnold Kraus. Tenor solo, "Come Into the Garden, Ma" (Balf). Aloys Werner. Piano solo (a) gavotte, (b) bolero—J. C. Dunster. Soprano solo, "I Love Thee" (Matti)—Duo W. B. Clapp. Duo "Love Peace" (Judas Maccabaeus) (Handel); Mrs. Washington Berry and Aloys Werner. Song, humorous selections—Foley Parker.

Trio (L. Lombardi)—G. Verdi. Mrs. W. B. Clapp, Messrs. Aloys Werner and R. Logie.

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